CHALLENGES & ROADBLOCKS TO SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

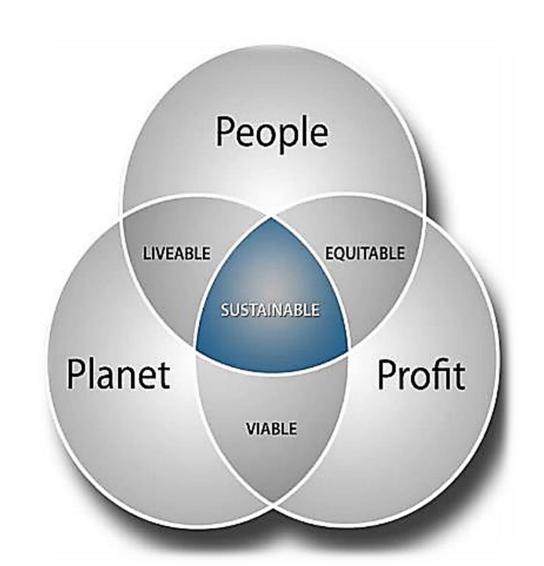






Sustainable Development: A economical development with responsible consumption of available natural resources to meet present demands without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

(This definition was given by the Brundtland Commission in its report "Our Common Future" (1987), US)







Sustainable Construction:

The Environmental Protection Agency **defines sustainable construction** as "the practice of creating structures and using processes that are environmentally responsible and resource-efficient throughout a building's lifecycle, from siting to design, construction, operation, maintenance, renovation and deconstruction."

Need for Sustainable Construction:

The global construction industry is responsible for

- more than 30% of the world's natural-resource extraction
- quarter (it varies up to 50%) of the solid waste generated.
- major contributors for global emissions

According to the World Green Building Council, the construction and operation of buildings accounts for 36% of global energy use and 39% of energy-related CO2 emissions.

The issues highlighted above have been the driving force for more sustainable construction and the need to build 'green'.





Benefits of Sustainable Construction Practices:

Sustainable building isn't just good for the environment, although that is a fantastic reason to adopt sustainable practices. There are many benefits to adopting ecofriendly methods in the construction industry, such as:

- Promotes Healthier Life (Construction of Green buildings)
- Reduce Waste (Recycled products, less harmful chemicals and more renewable construction materials used)
- Boost the Economy (Increased demand for labors, boosts green building industry, which is a major economical driver for any country)
- Promotes Sustainability (Renewable energy promotion, efficient utilization of resources, more people will witness the efficiency of green buildings).





Challenges & Roadblocks in Adopting Sustainable Techniques in Construction Process:

- Higher Capital Cost (The green buildings have an added cost of 5% 15% (compared to a conventional building) and that the payback period is usually 3 - 5 years)
- Lack of Information Gathering
- Lack of Training & Awareness (Both technical & managerial)
- Gaps in Design Processes
- Lacunas in Construction Process
- Constraints in Selection of materials and technologies
- Lack of Regulatory mandates
- Lack of Willingness & commitments (The willingness to go for green buildings with additional cost is yet to be improved in India as compared to Western countries)

Thank You